

Fundamental information on medical abortion

For the physician

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Protocols used

- Recommended until 7 weeks LMP: 92-98% success
- Used till 9 weeks: 85% success
- Mifépristone 200 or 600 mg by mouth: steroid and antiprogesterone
- Two days later: Misoprostol 400 or 800 μg
- Administration per mouth, sublingual or vaginal: prostaglandins, PGE1

Overwhelming medical data

- Dating et localization
 Conversation with the patient, clinical examination, level of plasma BHCG and ultrasound
- Abortion decision must be carefully considered
- Ability of the woman to participate

Counter-indications

- Clotting disorders
- Extra-uterine implantation
- Counter indication to the medication itself
- Serious anemia
- IUD still in place

Psycho-social counter indications

- Explanations not understood
- Ambivalent patients
- Patient living in poverty
- Obstacles to subsequent emergency treatment
- Impossibility of holding a follow-up visit

CHOOSING THE METHOD

- ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

medical abortion / versus surgical abortion

CHOICE OF LOCATION

home versus / versus hospital

Medical abortion

- Early, from 4 weeks LMP
- Until 7 or 9 weeks LMP
- Success 95-98%
- Evacuation may require from few hours till two days
- · Bleeding sometimes lengthy
- Pain ++
- Follow-up +++
- The patient controls the treatment

Surgical abortion

- From 6-7 weeks LMP
- · later till 14-22 weeks LMP
- Success = 99%
- · Local or general anesthesia
- · Quick evacuation
- · Bleeding is controlled
- · Pain +
- Follow-up +
- The doctor controls the treatment

Choice of location

Home

Stage < 7weeks LMP
Distance home hospital < 1 h
Closest relative recommended
Privacy and autonomy

Hospital

Stage > 7weeks LMP possible Medical staff comforting Pain treatment Better if alone

Clinical scenarios

- The patient has already settled on the medical method
- The patient has chosen abortion but not the method
- The patient is ambivalent concerning the continuation of the pregnancy
- The patient changes her mind on which method to use
- The patient wants to keep the abortion a secret

Effects expected from the method

- Bleeding and sac's evacuation
- Pain
- Gastro intestinal problems
- Fever and headaches

Determination of effectiveness

- Conversation with the patient and clinical examination
- Drop of B HCG
- Ultrasound

Complications

- Evolutive pregnancy 1 to 2,5%
- Hemorrhage 0,3 to 2,6%
- Incomplete abortion 2 to 5%
- Infections: rare ! 0,1% to 0,9%

Failure of the method: any outcome that leads to surgery

From « IVG médicamenteuse » P. Faucher & D. Hassoun 2005

Treatment of complications

- Hemorrhage: rapid aspiration
- Infection: antibiotics
- Evolutive pregnancy: aspiration
- Retention: abstention, medical treatment or aspiration

Medical abortion is an excellent method for a well-informed patient who chooses it

Contraception

- Discussed at the first visit
- Chosen by the patient
- Will be commenced immediatly following the abortion
- Rediscussed in the follow-up visit